

Recent Grotesk



Aboard Stories 1st.

RECONTEXTUALIZES

Comission Believes

QUOTATION 238.5167

Reason Turn-Up

BIOELECTRICITY

Ultraviolet Rent

ACCLIMATIZERS

Gentlehound

2 PAGINATION

Magnetically

ZOOMORPHIC

Junctional

OVERBUILD

Chalcedony

QUANTIFIED

Municipal

PARCELED

Signalized

CHARTING

Magnet

SLUNK

21 Goal

DOZEN

Slapjack!

Alternate a, j and ! characters

Raij!

Alternate a, j and ! characters

Light 24pt.

A granular material is a conglomeration of discrete solid, macroscopic particles characterized by a loss of energy whenever the particles interact (the most common example would be friction when grains collide). The constituents that compose granular material are large enough such that they are not subject to thermal motion fluctuations. Thus, the lower size limit for grains in granular material is about 1 μm on the upper size limit, the physics of granular materials may be applied to ice floes where the individual grains are icebergs and to asteroid belts of the Solar

Regular 24pt.

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Medium 24pt.

A granular material is a conglomeration of solid, macroscopic particles characterized by a loss of energy whenever the particles interact (the most common example would be friction when grains collide). The objects that compose granular material are large enough such that they are not subject to thermal motion fluctuations. Thus, the lower size limit for grains in granular bits

Bold 24pt.

A granular material is a conglomeration of discrete solid, macroscopic particles characterized by a loss of energy whenever the particles interact (the most common example would be friction when grains collide). The constituents that compose granular material are large enough such that they are not subject to their

Black 24pt.

A granular material is a collection of discrete solid, macroscopic particles characterized by a loss of energy whenever the particles interact (the most common example would be friction when grains collide). The objects that compose granular material are large enough such that

Ultra 24pt.

When the average energy of grains remains low and the grains are fairly stationary relative to each other, the granular material acts like a crystal. In general, stress in limits of forced chains which are networks of grains

Light 24pt.

IN ROCKS, SOME MINERAL SPECIES AND GROUPS ARE NOT MUCH MORE ABUNDANT THAN OTHERS; ARE TERMED THE ROCK-FORMING MINERALS. THE MAJOR EXAMPLES OF THESE ARE QUARTZ, THE FELDSPARS, THE MICAS, THE AMPHIBOLES, THE PYROXENES, THE OLIVINES, AND CALCITE; EXCEPT FOR THE LAST ONE, ALL OF THESE MINERALS ARE SILICATES. OVERALL, AROUND 150 MINERALS ARE CONSIDERED PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT, WHETHER IN TERMS OF THEIR ABUNDANCE OR AESTHETIC VALUE IN TERMS OF COLLECTING. THE OTHER MINERALS IN THE ROCK ARE TERMED ACCESSORY, AND

Regular 24pt.

IN ROCKS, SOME MINERAL SPECIES AND GROUPS ARE MUCH MORE ABUNDANT THAN OTHERS; THESE ARE TERMED THE ROCK-FORMING MINERALS. THE MAJOR EXAMPLES OF THESE ARE QUARTZ, THE FELDSPARS, THE AMPHIBOLES, OLIVINES, AND CALCITE; EXCEPT FOR THE LAST ONE, ALL OF THESE MINERALS ARE SILICATES. OVERALL, AROUND 150 MINERALS ARE CONSIDERED PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT, WHETHER IN TERMS OF THEIR ABUNDANCE OR AESTHETIC VALUE IN

Medium 24pt.

IN ROCKS, SOME MINERAL SPECIES AND GROUPS ARE MUCH MORE ABUNDANT THAN OTHERS; THESE ARE TERMED THE ROCK-FORMING MINERALS. THE MAJOR EXAMPLES OF THESE ARE QUARTZ, CALCITE THE AMPHIBOLES, OLIVINES; EXCEPT FOR THE LAST ONE, MANY OF THESE MINERALS ARE SILICATES. OVERALL, AROUND 150 MINERALS ARE CONSIDERED PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT, WHETHER IN TERMS

Bold 24pt.

IN ROCKS, SOME MINERAL SPECIES AND GROUPS ARE MUCH MORE ABUNDANT THAN OTHERS; THESE ARE THE ROCK-FORMING MINERALS. THE MAJOR EXAMPLES OF THESE ARE QUARTZ, THE FELDSPARS, THE MICAS, THE AMPHIBOLES, THE PYROXENES, THE OLIVINES, AND CALCITE; EXCEPT FOR THE LAST ONE, ALL OF THESE MINERALS ARE

Black 24pt.

IN ROCKS, SOME MINERAL SPECIES AND GROUPS ARE MUCH MORE ABUNDANT THAN OTHERS; THESE ARE TERMED THE ROCK-FORMING MINERALS. THIS INCLUDES EXAMPLES OF QUARTZ, THE FELDSPARS, THE MICAS, THE AMPHIBOLES, THE PYROXENES, THE OLIVINES, AND CALCITE. EXCEPT FOR THE LAST

Ultra 24pt.

IN ROCKS, SOME MINERAL SPECIES AND GROUPS REMAIN MUCH MORE ABUNDANT THAN OTHERS; THESE ARE TERMED THE ROCK-FORMING MINERALS. THIS INCLUDES MICAS, QUARTZ, FELDSPARS, AMPHIBOLE

Features

Straightjacket Radial → **Straightjacket Radial**

Stylistic Alternates

H@H (CAP) «CAP» iHR → **H@H (CAP) «CAP» iHR**

Case Sensitive Forms

↔ → ↑ ↓ ↖ ↗ ↘ ↙ ↕ ↔ ↔ ↗ ↘ ↙ ↚

Arrows

Language Coverage

Afrikaans, Albanian, Basque, Bokmål, Bosnian, Breton, Catalan, Cornish, Croatian, Czech, Danish, Dutch, English, Esperanto, Estonian, Faroese, Finnish, French, Frisian, Friulian, Gaelic (Manx), Gaelic (Scottish), Gagauz (Latin), Galician, German, Hawaiian, Hungarian, Icelandic, Indonesian, Irish, Irish Gaelic, Italian, Karelian, Ladin, Latvian, Lithuanian, Luxemburgish, Maltese, Moldavian (Latin), Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Rhaeto-Romanic, Romanian, Sami, Serbian (Latin), Slovak, Slovenian, Sorbian, Spanish, Swahili, Swedish, Turkish and Welsh.

Fonts

Light, Regular, Medium, Bold, Black & Wide

Formats

OpenType, WOFF2, WOFF & EOT

Design & Production

Eric Olson

Released

September 2020

Available

www.processtype.com
